EXHIBIT

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10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
12	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
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14	IN RE CATHODE RAY TUBE (CRT) ANTITRUST LITIGATION	Master File No. 3:07-cv-5944 SC	
15	TH (TITALOUT EXTIGHT)	MDL No. 1917	
16		MOTION TO STRIKE SUR-REPLY EVIDENCE	
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19	This Document Relates To:	Judge: Hon. Jon S. Tigar	
20	All Indirect Purchaser Actions	Special Master: Hon. Martin Quinn	
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 $\begin{array}{c} \text{MOTION TO STRIKE SUR-REPLY EVIDENCE} \\ \text{Master File No. 3:07-cv-07-5944-JST (MDL No. 1917)} \\ 1 \end{array}$

I. ISSUES TO BE DECIDED

1. Whether the Special Master must strike or otherwise refrain from considering evidence proffered by IPP Counsel with their sur-reply.

II. FACTS

Class members were required to file objections by October 8, 2015. IPP Counsel thereafter had the opportunity to submit briefs opposing the objections, and objecting class members were permitted to file reply briefing. Special Master's Scheduling Order No. 1 (D.E. 4121); Order Establishing Schedule (D.E. 4185). Absent class member Douglas W. St. John submitted a timely objection and reply briefing. *See, e.g.*, St. John Obj. (D.E. 4106).

As relevant here, Mr. St. John objected to IPP Counsel tying their fee request to the entire \$576 million megafund because a significant portion of that fund is attributable to the efforts of the Department of Justice, the European Commission, and the plaintiff in *Vichi v. Koninklijke Philips Elecs. N.V.*, 85 A. 3d 725 (Del. Ch. 2014). More specifically, Mr. St. John noted that the Samsung SDI and Philips settlements account for a significantly greater share of the total settlement fund than their market share, IPP Counsel had not explained that discrepancy, and "the most reasonable inference is that the discrepancy is attributable to Samsung SDI Co., Ltd.'s guilty plea and the issue preclusion holding against Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. in *Vichi*." St. John Obj. (D.E. 4106) at 12. In its opposition, IPP Counsel's opposition attached only the declaration of IPP Lead Counsel Mario Alioto that "[b]ased upon [his] review, the Defendants' market shares changed fundamentally in the early 2000's" and "[t]he settlement amounts paid by Samsung SDI and Philips are entirely consistent with their market shares and the liability evidence." Supp. Dec. of Alioto ISO IPP Mot. for Award of Attorneys Fees at ¶ 6; *see also* IPP Reply re Motion for Award of Attorneys Fees at 14 n.31. Mr. St. John's reply attached no additional evidence on this issue. Rather, Mr. St. John simply made clear that a declaration based on IPP lead counsel's review of unidentified

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statements. IPP Counsel's sur-reply evidence is not responsive to either of these points. MOTION TO STRIKE SUR-REPLY EVIDENCE Master File No. 3:07-cv-07-5944-JST (MDL No. 1917)

sources "is not evidence based on . . . personal knowledge" and "is no evidence at all." St. John Reply at 10.¹

By letter dated December 13, IPP Counsel alleged—without specificity—that the replies of unidentified objectors "go far beyond replying to the IPPs' initial submissions and raise a number of new matters." Letter from M. Alioto to M. Quinn (Dec. 13, 2015). The Special Master then granted IPP Counsel leave to file additional briefing on, among other things, "the disproportionate size of the Samsung and Phillips settlements (Section C of the St. John brief)." Special Master's Order (Dec. 14, 2015) at 2. At the same time, the Special Master denied the request of objectors represented by Messrs. Scarpulla and Cooper to respond to any additional briefing by IPP Counsel. Id. IPP Counsel then submitted a sur-reply and additional evidence after close-of-business on December 23, with some of the attached evidence not transmitted to counsel until December 24.

III. THE NEW EVIDENCE SUBMITTED WITH IPP COUNSEL'S SUR-REPLY MUST NOT BE CONSIDERED.

A. Any consideration of the new evidence IPP Counsel attached to their surreply would be an abuse of discretion.

Mr. St. John respectfully disagrees that additional briefing was warranted based on his reply. But it is undeniably clear that Mr. St. John did not submit any new additional evidence on the issues for which the Special Master permitted IPP Counsel to file a sur-reply. Of course, "[w]here new evidence is presented in a reply . . . the district court should not consider the new evidence without giving the [non-]movant an opportunity to respond." Provenz v. Miller, 102 F. 3d 1478, 1483 (9th Cir. 1996); see also Banga v. First USA NA, 29 F. Supp. 3d 1270, 1276 (N.D. Cal. 2014) ("If a party raises a new argument or presents new evidence in a reply brief, a court may consider these matters *only* if the adverse party is given an opportunity to respond.").

Mr. St. John submitted two items of additional evidence with his reply. First, in lieu of a Rule 11 motion, Mr. St. John submitted a declaration countering false and scurrilous statements regarding his counsel that were first raised by IPP Counsel in their opposition. Second, as an illustration of why the Court should not rely on an unsupported declaration of counsel to resolve contested facts, Mr. St. John submitted deposition testimony suggesting that a declaration of counsel that the Special Master relied on in granting certification included materially misleading

Here, the Special Master has already denied one request to respond to IPP Counsel's surreply. Moreover, IPP Counsel submitted their new evidence after close-of-business on December 23, and some of that evidence was not transmitted to Mr. St. John's counsel until December 24. The present briefing schedule thus did not permit Mr. St. John to meaningfully respond by the deadline, which fell two business days later. *See.* Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(c) ("[A]ny opposing affidavit must be served at least 7 days before the hearing"). Under these circumstances, it would be an abuse of discretion not to strike or otherwise refrain from considering IPP Counsel's new evidence. *See, e.g., Nautilus Grp. v. Icon Health and Fitness, Inc.*, 308 F. Supp. 2d 1208, 1214 (W.D. Wa. 2003) (striking new evidence submitted in reply which could not be addressed during briefing schedule); *cf. JG v. Douglas Cnty. Sch. Dist.*, 552 F.3d 786, 807 n.14 (9th Cir. 2008) (no abuse of discretion where "district court did not consider the new evidence and its denial of leave to file a sur-reply accordingly did not prejudice Appellants").²

More fundamentally, the issues raised by Mr. St. John are not esoteric, and the evidence that IPP Counsel submitted with their sur-reply should have been submitted with their opening briefing. Even were that not the case, there is no reason why that evidence could not have been submitted with IPP Counsel's initial opposition to objections, even if doing so would have been improper. Rather, it appears IPP Counsel made a deliberate choice to not respond fully to Mr. St. John's objection. That Mr. St. John then called out IPP Counsel's failure submit evidence supporting their motions is no reason to permit untimely additions to the record. *See United States ex rel Meyer v. Horizon Health Corp.*, 565 F. 3d 1195, 1203 (9th Cir. 2009) (declining to consider evidence first submitted on reply: "The district court denied relators' application to file these supplemental

That many of the documents proffered by IPP Counsel appear to be written in unknown foreign languages without accompanying translations further impedes a meaningful response, particularly in view of the deadline under Rule 6. IPP Counsel themselves assert that they were unable to obtain translations despite having nine days to do so after being granted leave to file a sur-reply. See Alioto Dec. ISO Reply at n.1. IPP Counsel's failure to submit translations is also a substantive reason to deny consideration of any foreign language documents. See, e.g., Jack v. Trans World Airlines, Inc., 854 F. Supp. 654, 659 & n.5 (N.D. Cal. 1994) (striking foreign language affidavits submitted without proper translations).

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27 28 declarations, noting that they were untimely filed as a result of relators' deliberate choice not to respond fully to the Motion . . . and would amount to an inequitable surreply.")

В. Any consideration of the evidence IPP Counsel attached to their sur-reply in support of their fee request would be legal error under Ninth Circuit law.

In addition to being an abuse of discretion under general briefing rules, any consideration of IPP Counsel's untimely proffer of evidence in support of their fee motion would be legal error under In re Mercury Interactive Corp. Securities Litigation, 618 F.3d 988 (9th Cir. 2010). In that case, the Ninth Circuit held that "[t]he plain text of [Rule 23(h)] requires a district court to set the deadline for objections to counsel's fee request on a date after the motion and documents supporting it have been filed." Id. at 993 (emphasis added). Indeed, in vacating and remanding, the Court explained that "[w]hen the district court sets a schedule that denies the class an adequate opportunity to review and prepare objections to class counsel's *completed* fee motion, it fails to fulfill its fiduciary responsibilities to the class." Id. at 994-95 (emphasis added). It would therefore be legal error for the Special Master to consider any declarations or evidence submitted by IPP Counsel after the October 8, 2015, deadline for objections.³

C. Public policy does not permit class counsel to trickle in supporting evidence whenever the adequacy of the record is challenged.

"A fee motion is not a "heads class counsel wins, tails we try again" proposition. See, e.g., First State Ins. Grp. v. Nationwide Mut. Ins., 402 F.3d 43, 43 (1st Cir. 2005). Rather, early and full disclosure of all material supporting class counsel's fee request is necessary to ensure that the "district court, acting as a fiduciary for the class, is presented with adequate, and adequatelytested, information to evaluate reasonableness of a proposed fee." In re Mercury Interactive, 618 F.3d at 994 (emphasis added). Permitting IPP Counsel to make unsupported arguments in support of

Objector Douglas W. St. John previously raised this point in his reply.

Notably, IPP Counsel were the moving party on their fee motion. Mr. St. John objected as an absent class member, noting, among other things, evidentiary gaps in that motion. IPP Counsel then filed an opposition which did not seriously attempt to correct those gaps, even if doing so would be impermissible, a deficiency that Mr. St. John pointed out in his reply. IPP Counsel's sur-reply is thus their *third* attempt to create an adequate record.

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1	their fee motion then trickle cherry-picked evidence into the record when deficiencies are brought		
2	to the Court's attention would effectively negate the class's right to review and object to the		
3	settlement and fee motions.		
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5	IV. CONCLUSION		
6	For the foregoing reasons, the Special Master should strike at least the December 23, 2015		
7	Declaration of Mario N. Alioto, including all attached exhibits.		
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9	Dated: January 4, 2016	By:	/s/ Joseph Scott St. John
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 2 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 3 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION 4 IN RE CATHODE RAY TUBE (CRT) ANTITRUST LITIGATION 5 Master File No. 3:07-cv-5944 SC 6 MDL No. 1917 7 [PROPOSED] ORDER STRIKING SUR-REPLY EVIDENCE 8 9 10 This Document Relates To: Judge: Hon. Jon S. Tigar 11 All Indirect Purchaser Actions Special Master: Hon. Martin Quinn 12 13 14 On December 23, 2015, IPP Counsel submitted a sur-reply accompanied by a Declaration 15 of Mario N. Alioto with attached exhibits. For the reasons set forth in the St. John Motion to Strike 16 Sur-Reply Evidence, Mr. Alioto's declaration and exhibits submitted with IPP Counsel's sur-reply 17 18 are stricken from the record and will not be considered. 19 20 MARTIN QUINN, SPECIAL MASTER 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28